

# Ferroelectric materials: from actuators to neuromorphic devices

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*Zernike Institute for Advanced Materials*

*Groningen Cognitive Systems and Materials center (CogniGron)*



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# Nanostructures of functional oxides



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# *Ferroelectric thin films*

Fundamental  
**Materials** research  
that aims to drive the  
applications future

Piezoelectrics

Ferroelastics

Nano-  
domains

Domain  
walls

Energy harvesting  
sensors

Non-volatile  
FeRAM

Adaptable  
electronics



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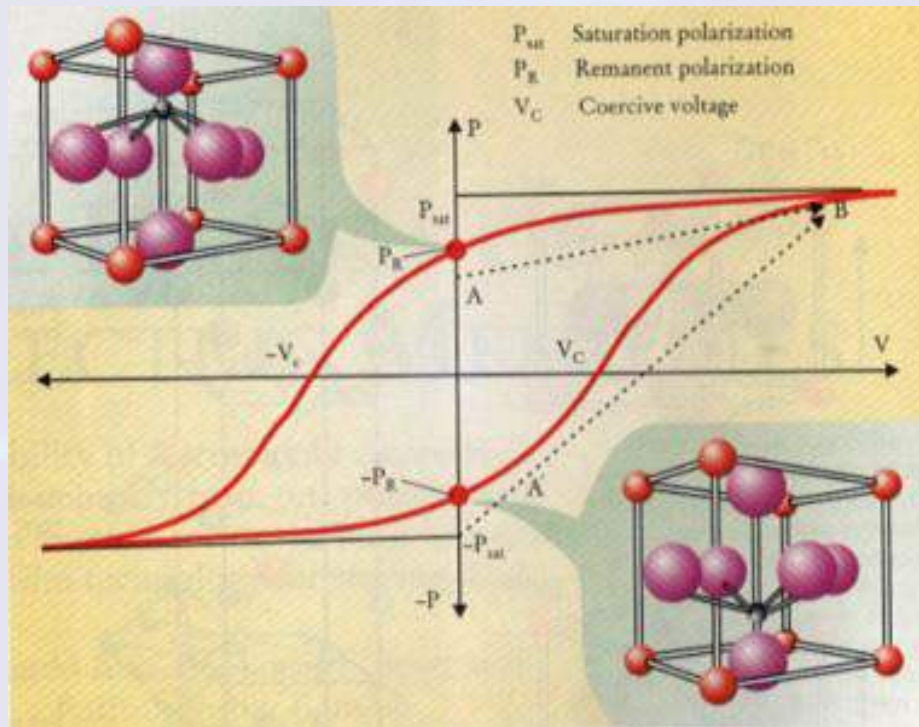
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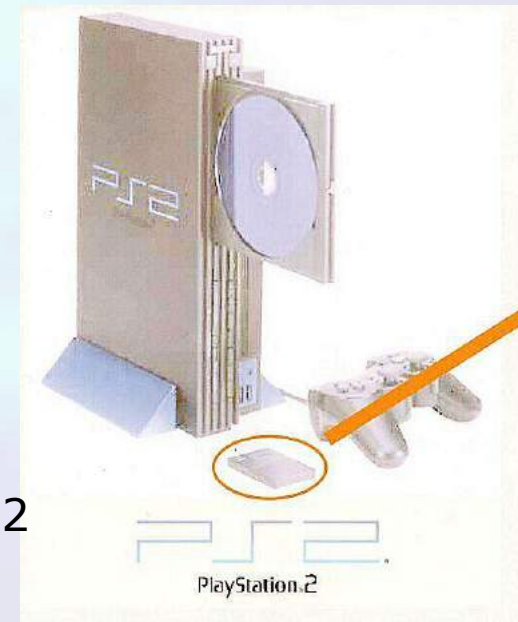


# Ferroelectrics

$$\vec{P}_j(E) = \epsilon_{ij}(E)\vec{E}_i$$



$\pm P_R$  at  $E=0$



Non-volatile FeRAM

Challenge: 1Tbit/in<sup>2</sup> → 1bit/(25 x 25)nm<sup>2</sup>



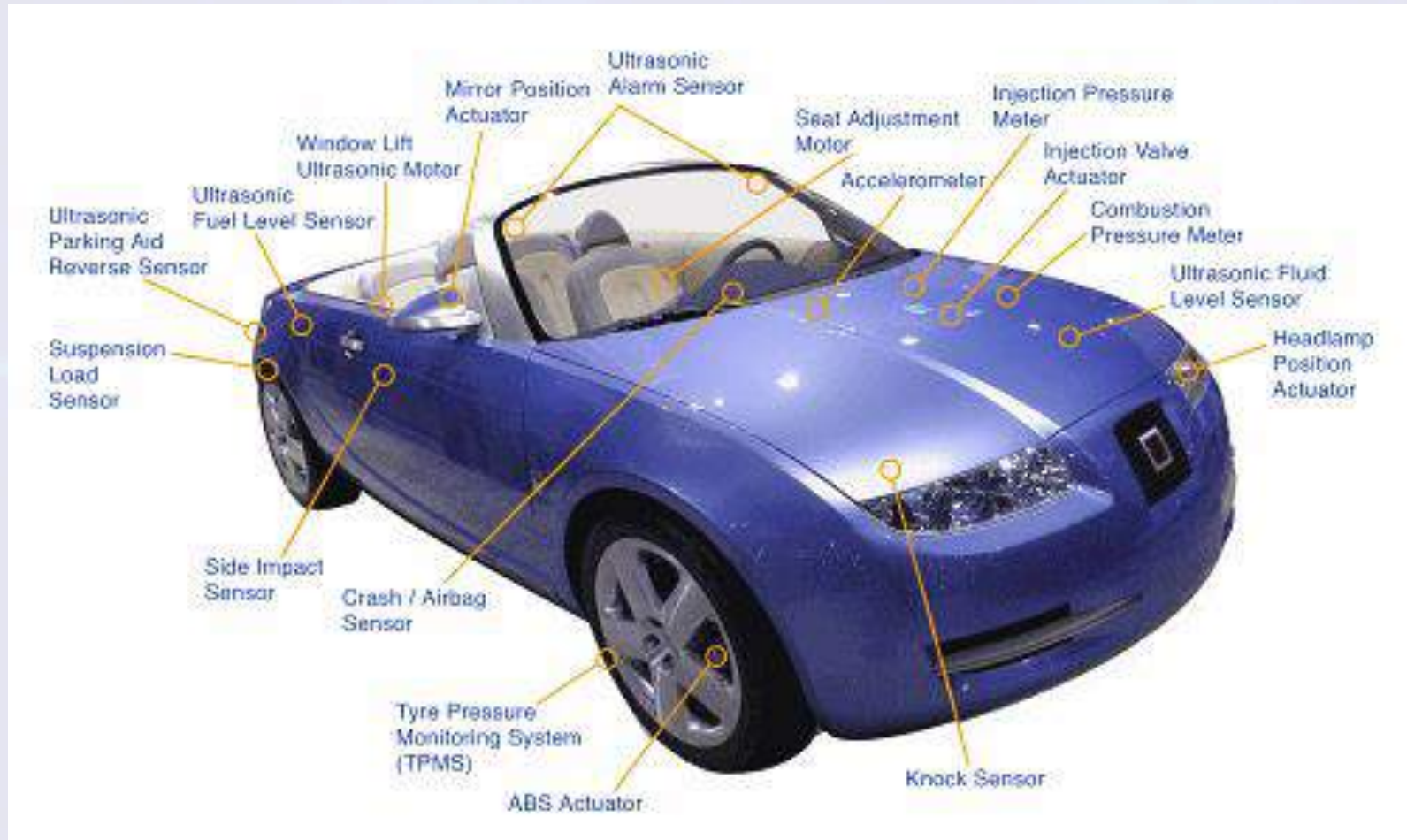
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# Piezos in the car

| 5



*Image from Morgan Technical Ceramics*

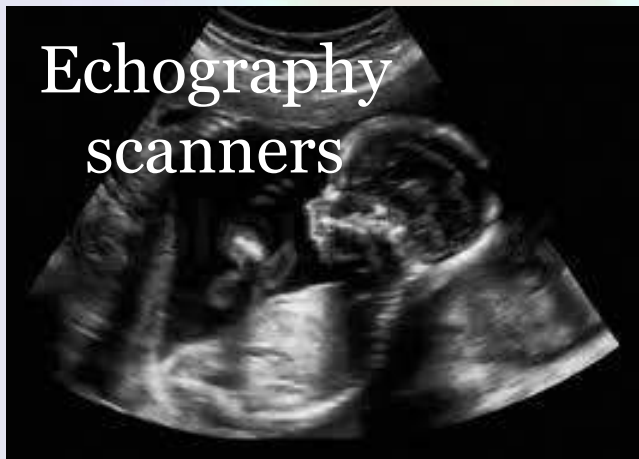
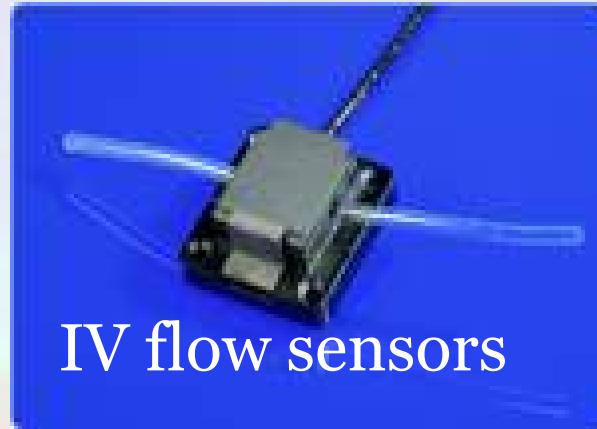
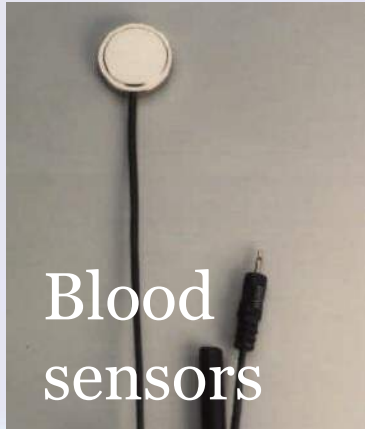


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# Piezos in the hospital | 6



Lead-containing materials (PZT)



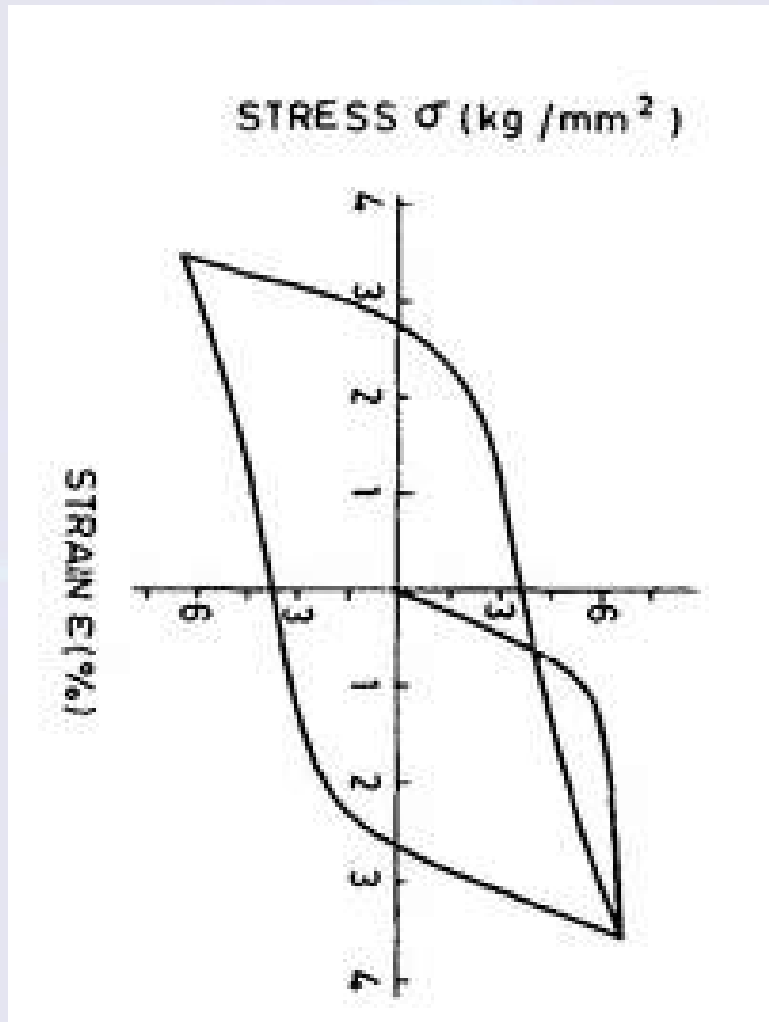
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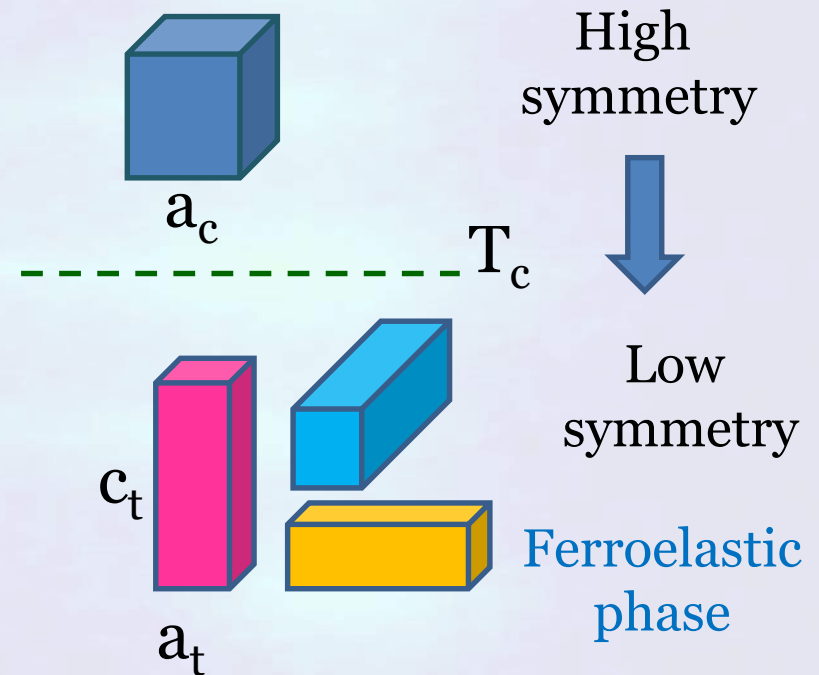
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# Ferroelastic materials

## Domains



- Non-linear
- Hysteresis (bi-valued)



### Spontaneous strains

$$\epsilon_1 = (a_t - a_c) / a_c = \epsilon_2$$

$$\epsilon_3 = (c_t - a_c) / a_c$$





# Twins



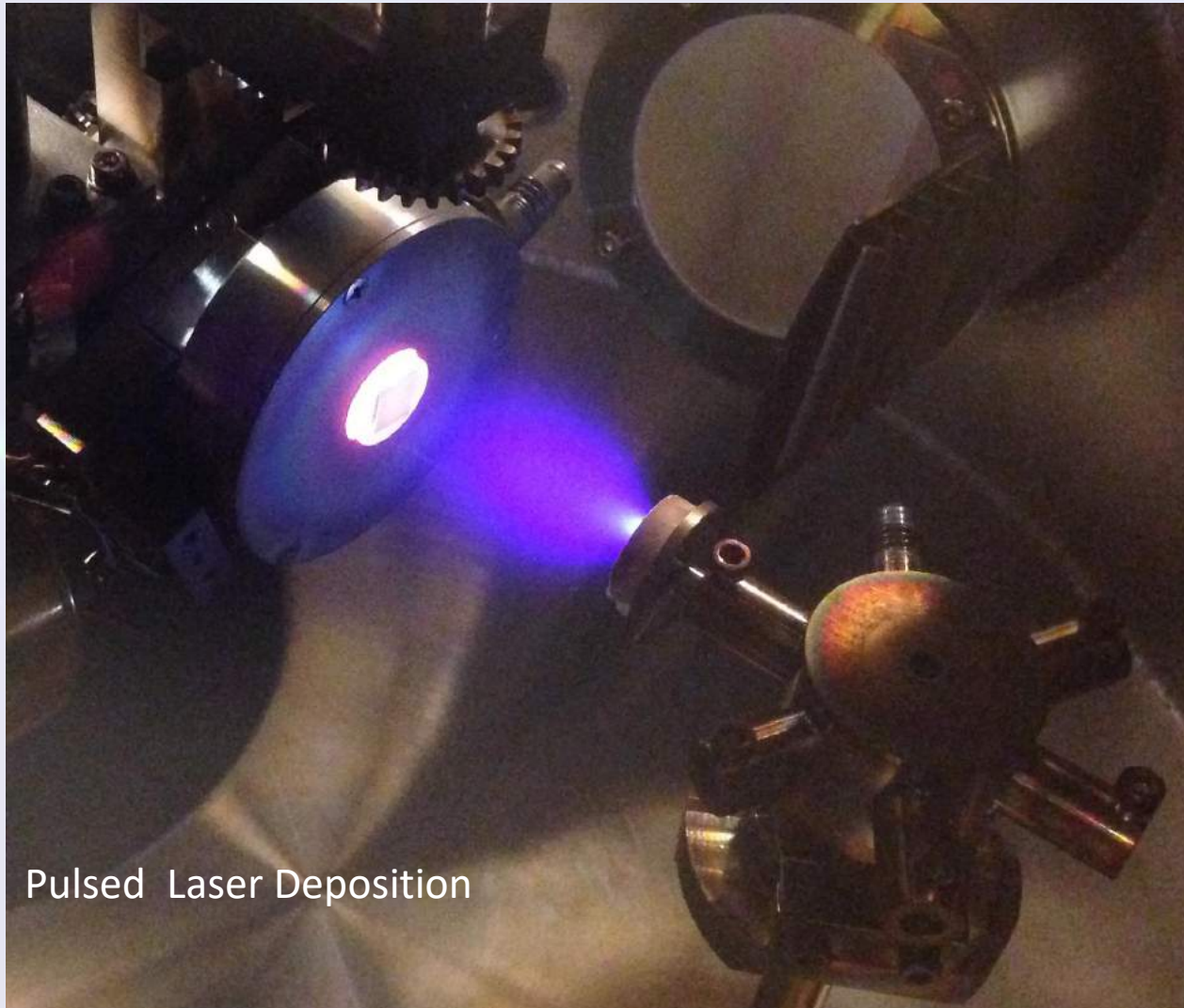
## Crystal domains:

- Same symmetry
- Same atomic structure
- Different orientation





# Epitaxial growth of oxides



Pulsed Laser Deposition

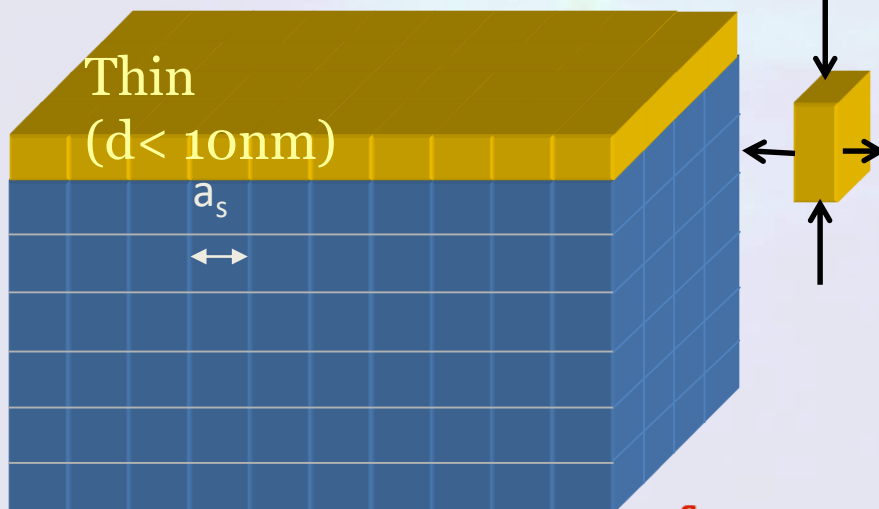
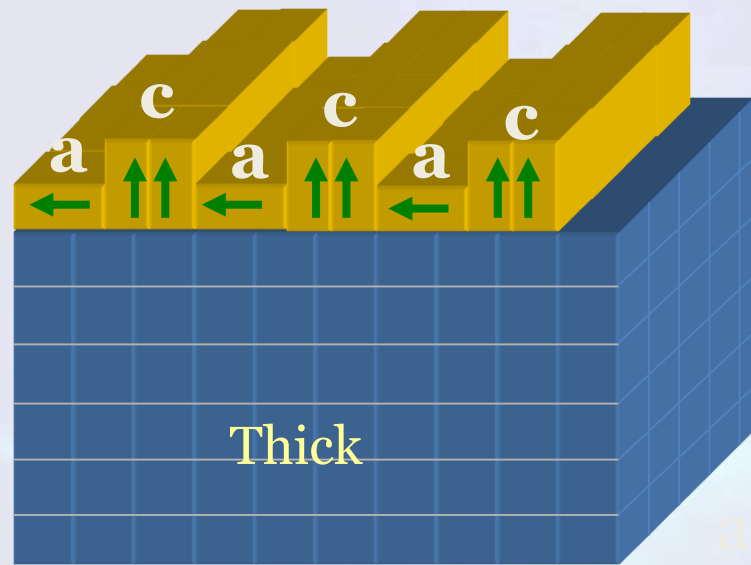


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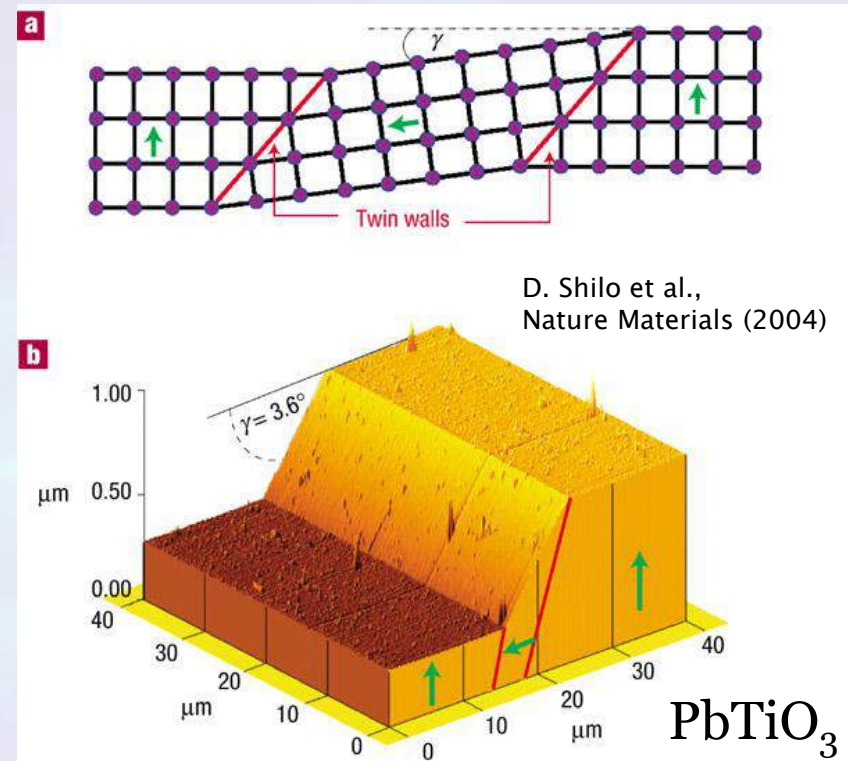
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# Epitaxial strain and domain formation



$$a_f < a_s < c_f$$



Periodic **a/c** (twinned) domains  
Domain walls relieve strain

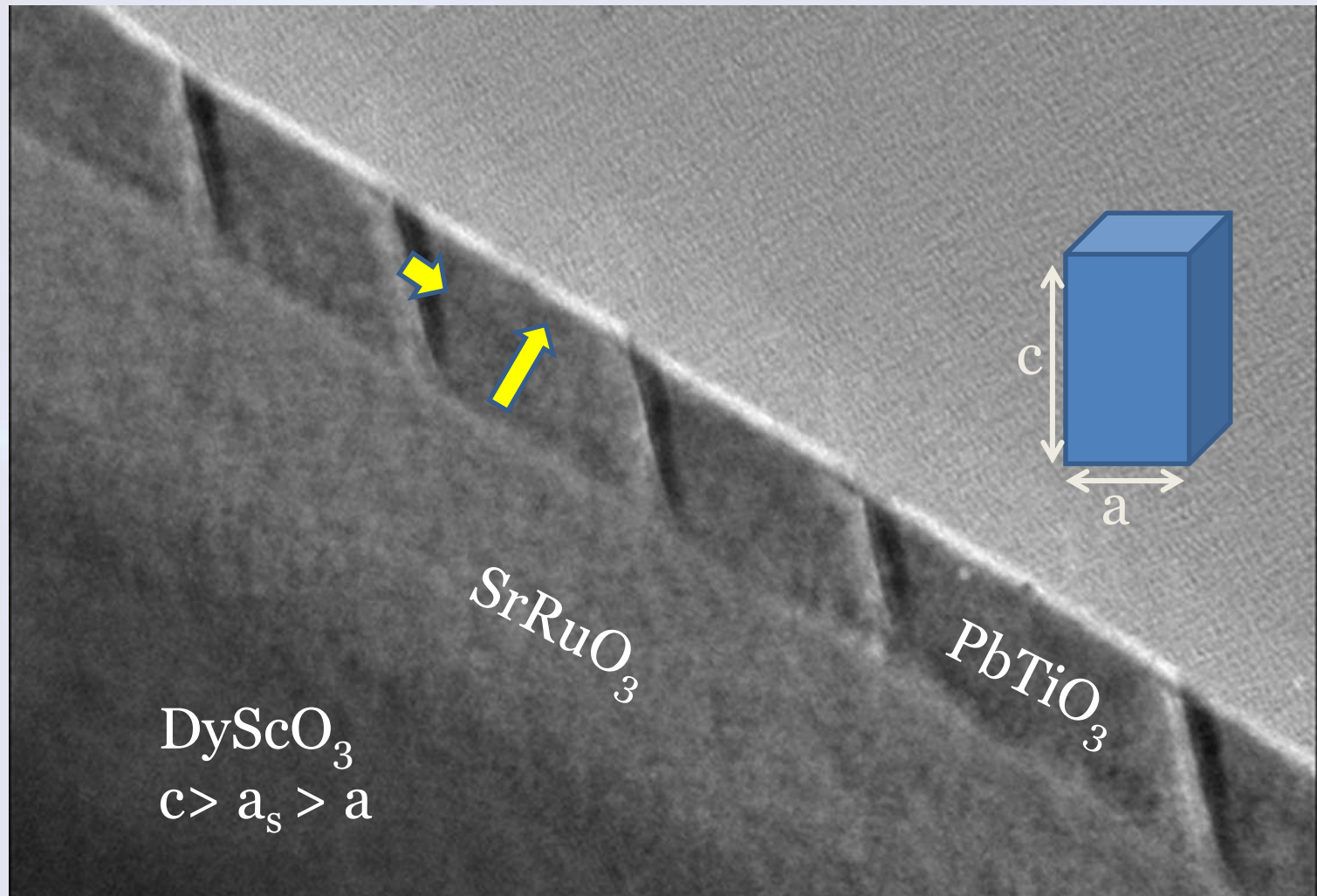
Pompe & Speck, JAP(1995)



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TEM image by S. Venkatesan & B.J. Kooi



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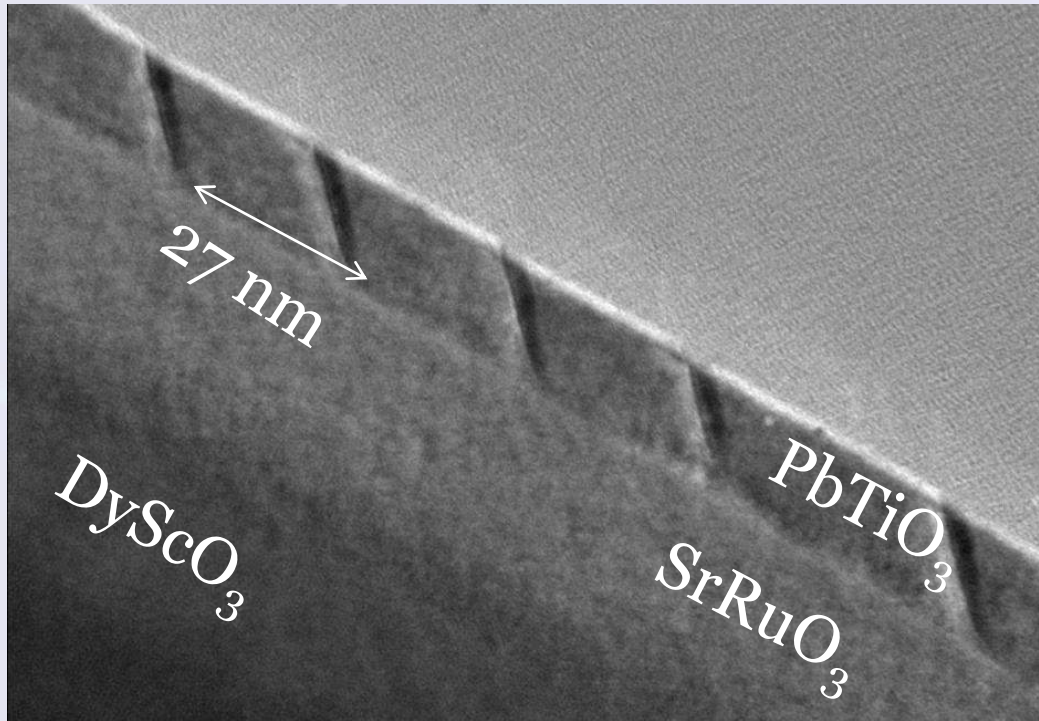
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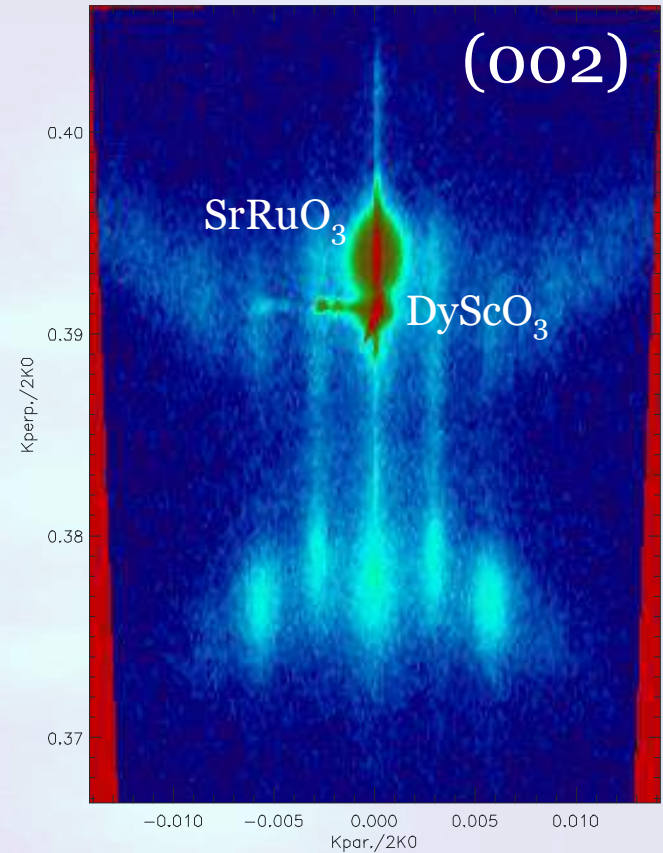


# Engineering nanodomains

## Twin domains



TEM



XRD

Avoiding defects ( $T > T_c$ )  $\rightarrow$  highly periodic domain arrays ( $T < T_c$ )

G. Catalan, BN et al., *Nature Mat.* (2011)



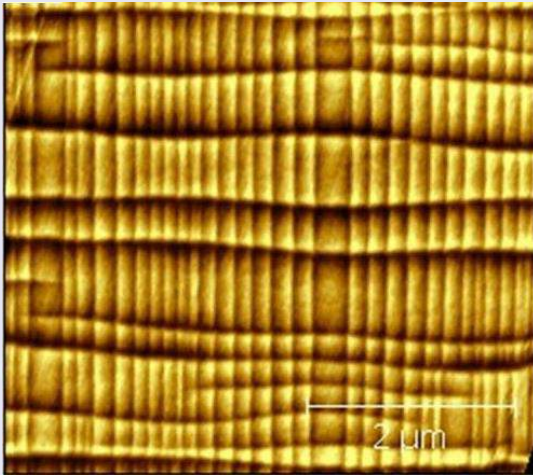
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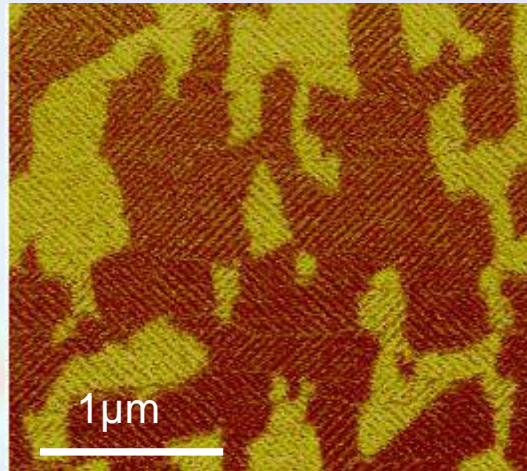
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# Domain formation in ferroic materials

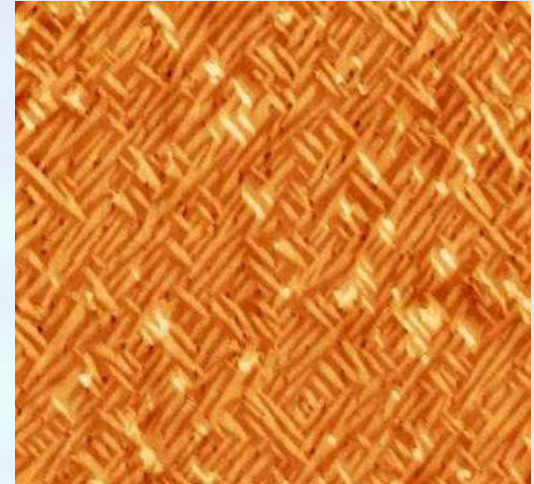
$\text{PbTiO}_3$



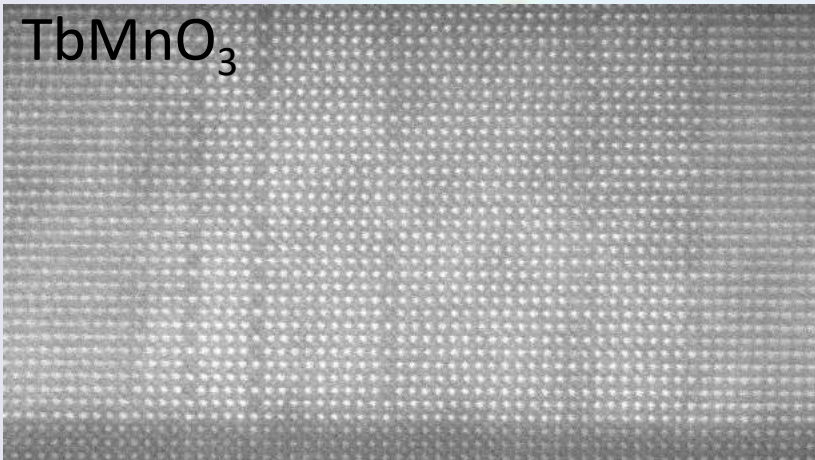
$(\text{Pb,Sr})\text{TiO}_3$



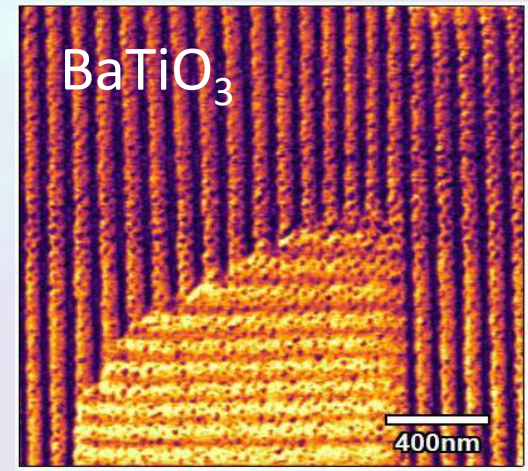
$\text{BiFeO}_3$



$\text{TbMnO}_3$



$\text{BaTiO}_3$



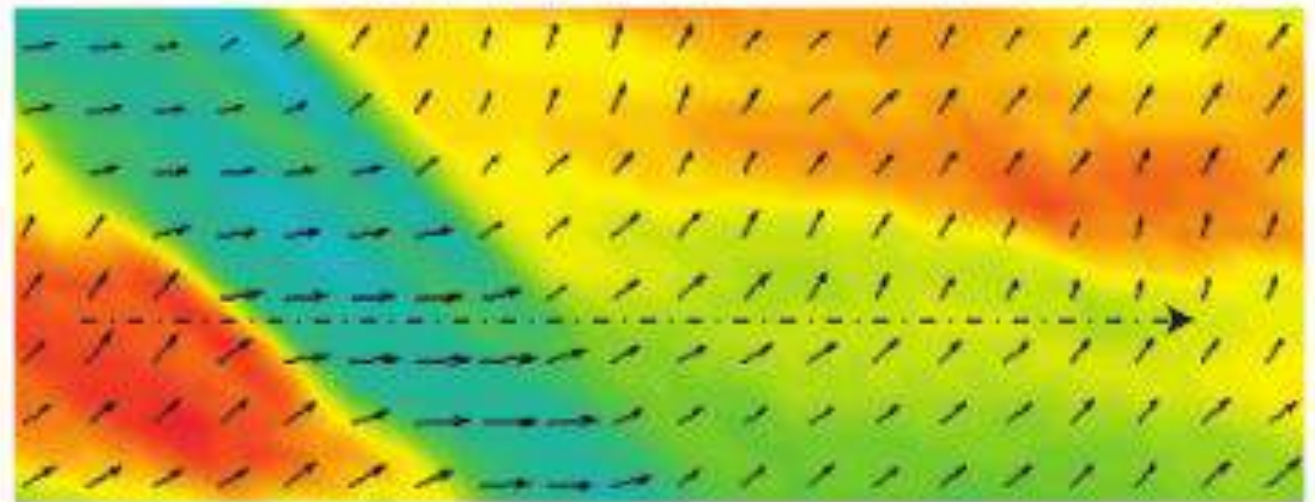
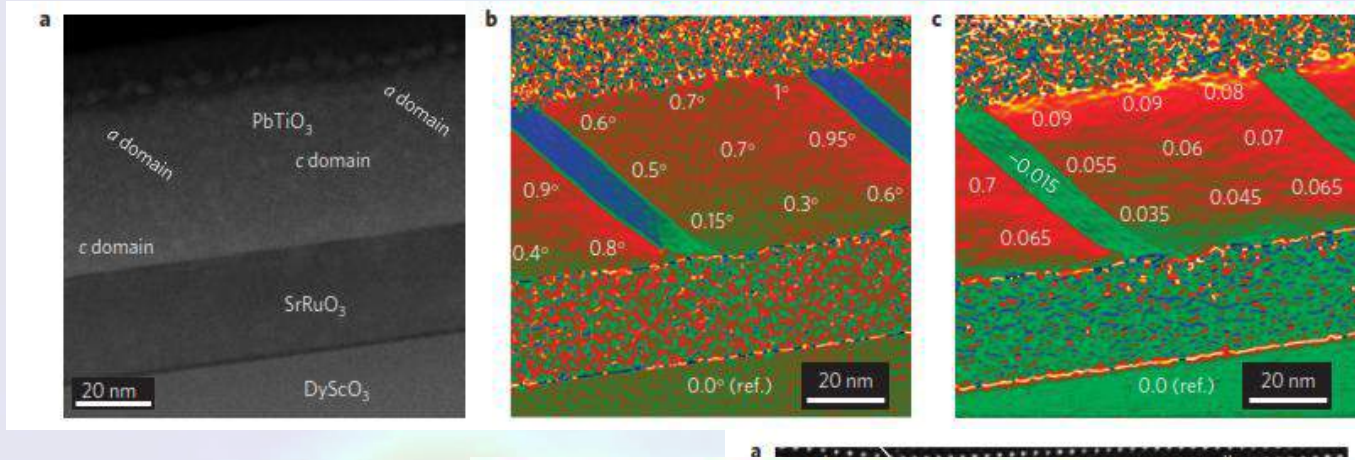
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# Engineering strain gradients



G. Catalan, BN et al., *Nature Mat.* (2011)



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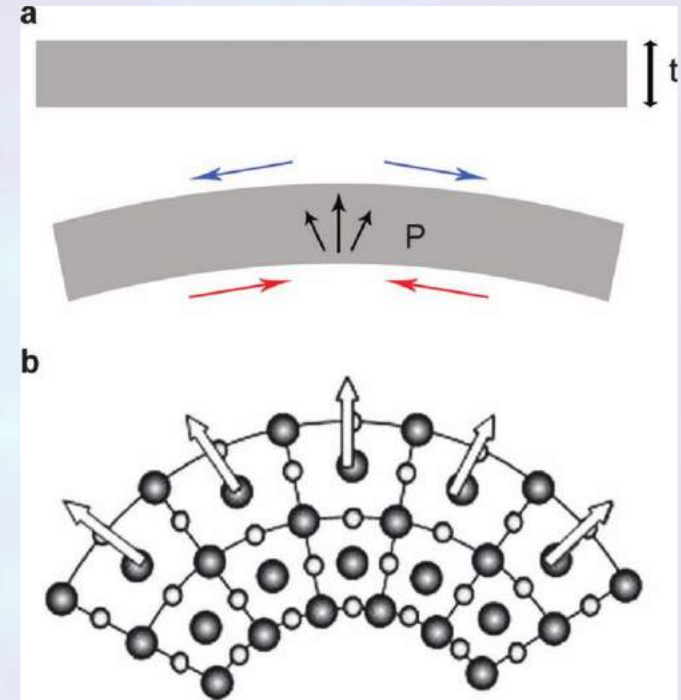
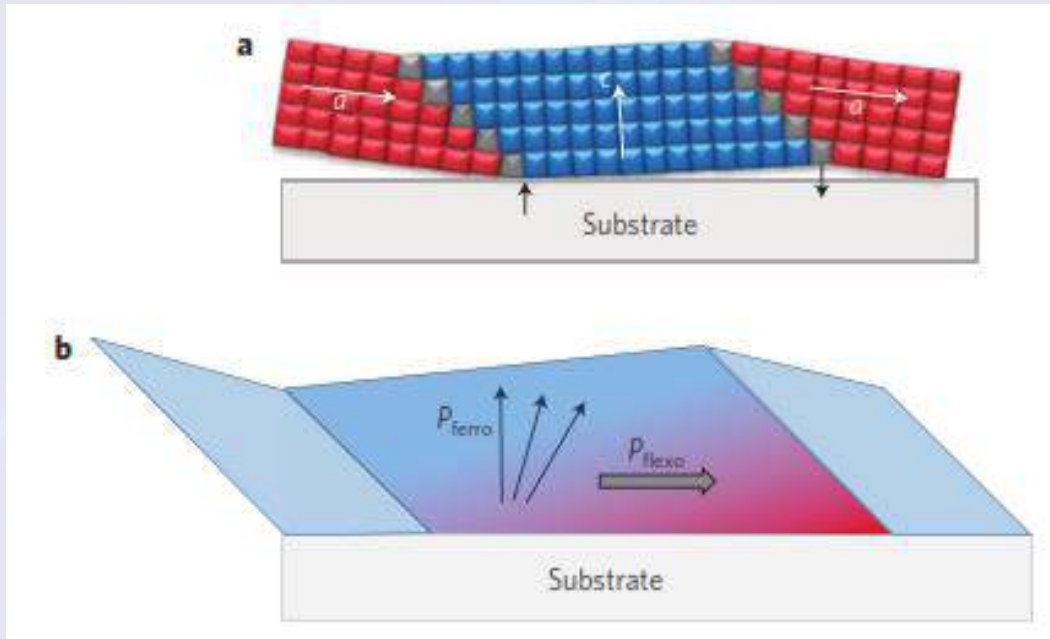
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# Engineering strain gradients

## Induced Flexoelectric Polarization



$$P_i = d_{ijk}\sigma_{jk} + \mu_{ijkl}\frac{\partial\epsilon_{jk}}{\partial x_l}$$

G. Catalan, BN et al., *Nature Mat.* (2011)

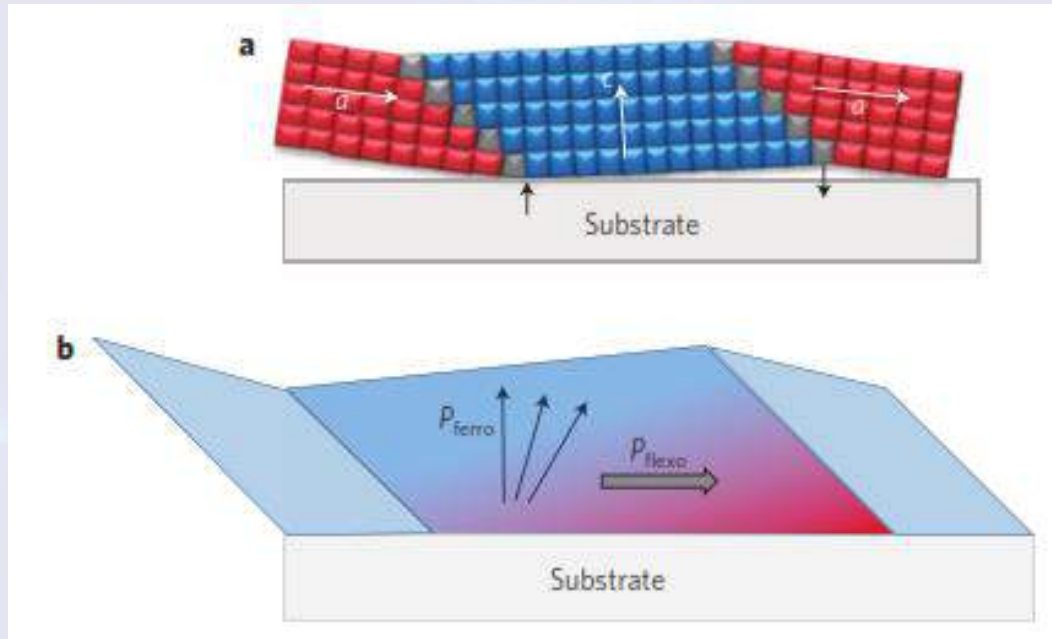


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# Engineering strain gradients



## Flexoelectric Polarization

- Polar rotation
- Symmetry breaking
- Enhanced piezo-response

Lesser role of chemistry (more sustainable piezoelectrics)  
Intrinsic nanoscale response

G. Catalan, BN et al., *Nature Mat.* (2011)



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$\text{TbMnO}_3$  on  $\text{SrTiO}_3$

**Chemical  
contrast  
at  
domain  
walls**

Alternating  
 $\text{Tb-X-Tb-X}$   
columns

*S. Farokhipoor, BN et al. Nature (2014)*

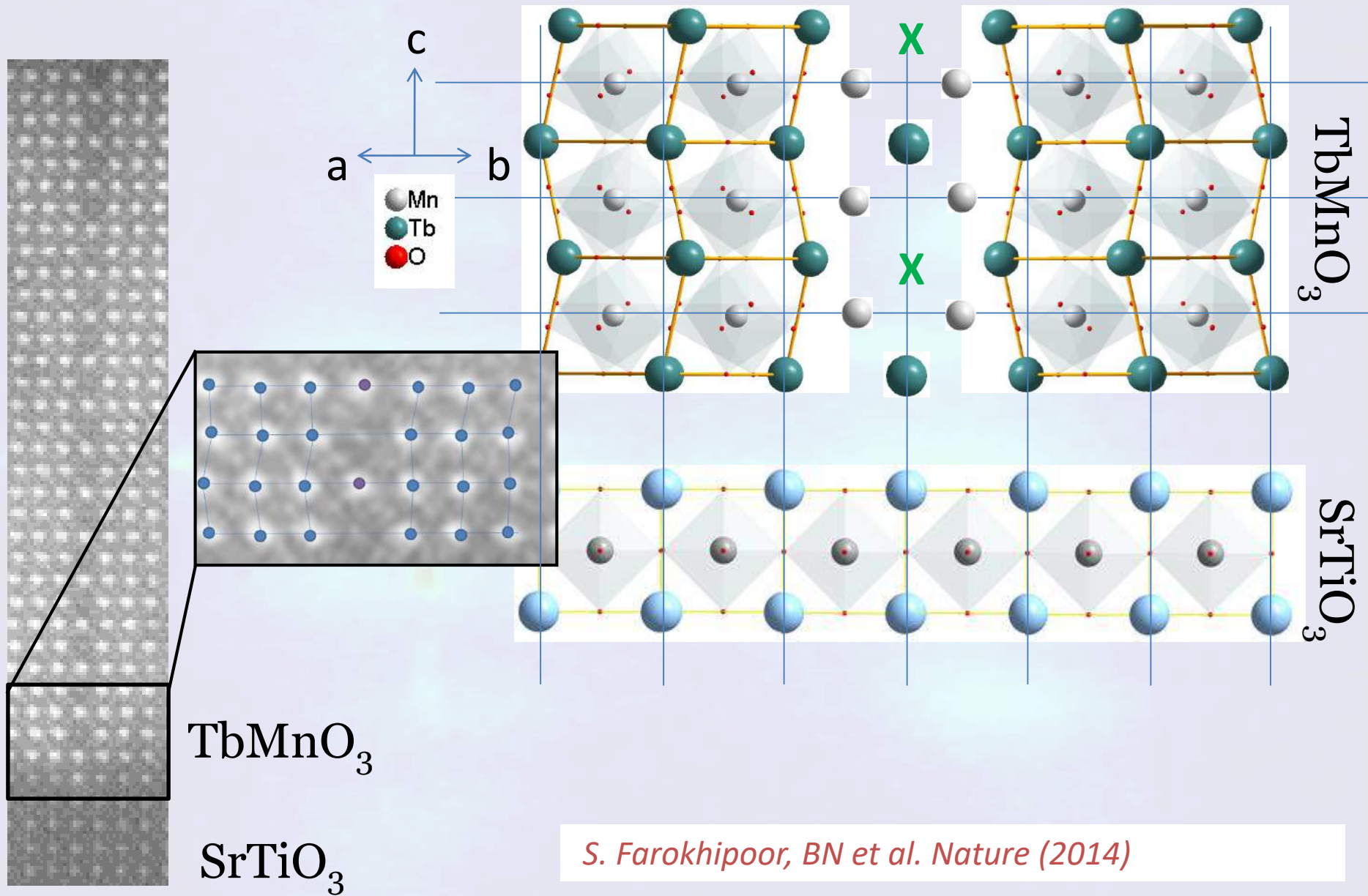


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*S. Farokhipoor, BN et al. Nature (2014)*



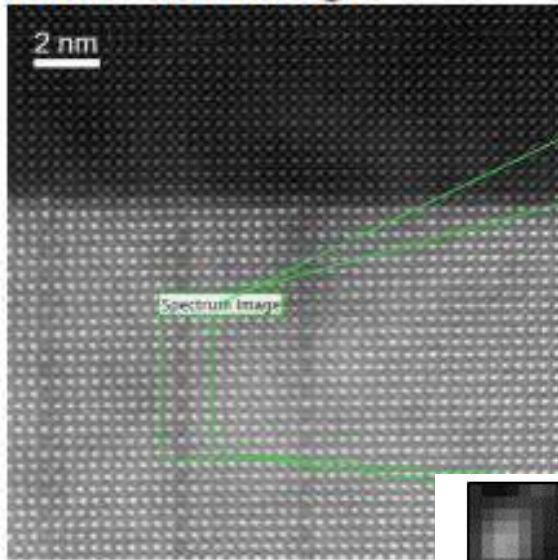
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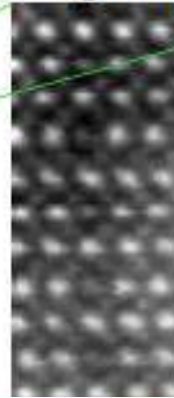
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# STEM-EELS Spectrum Imaging

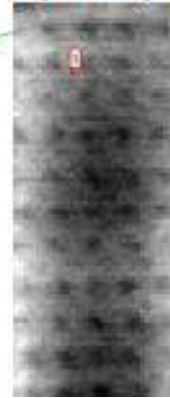
Reference Image



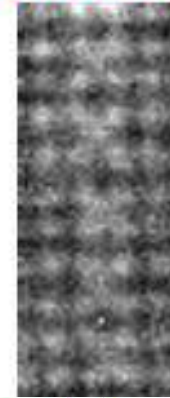
ADF  
signal



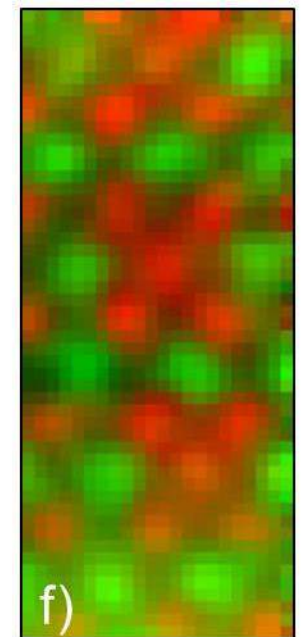
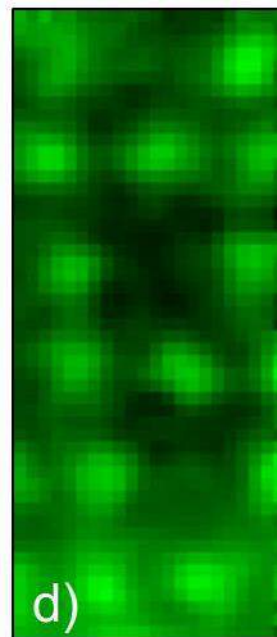
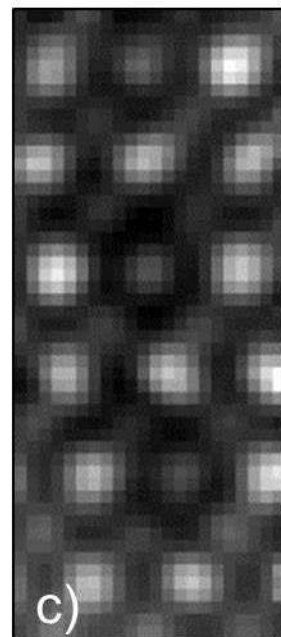
DataCube  
(PCA)



Tb  $M_{4,5}$  Mn  $L_{2,3}$  O K  
(all raw after PCA)



'X' = Mn  
@ A-site

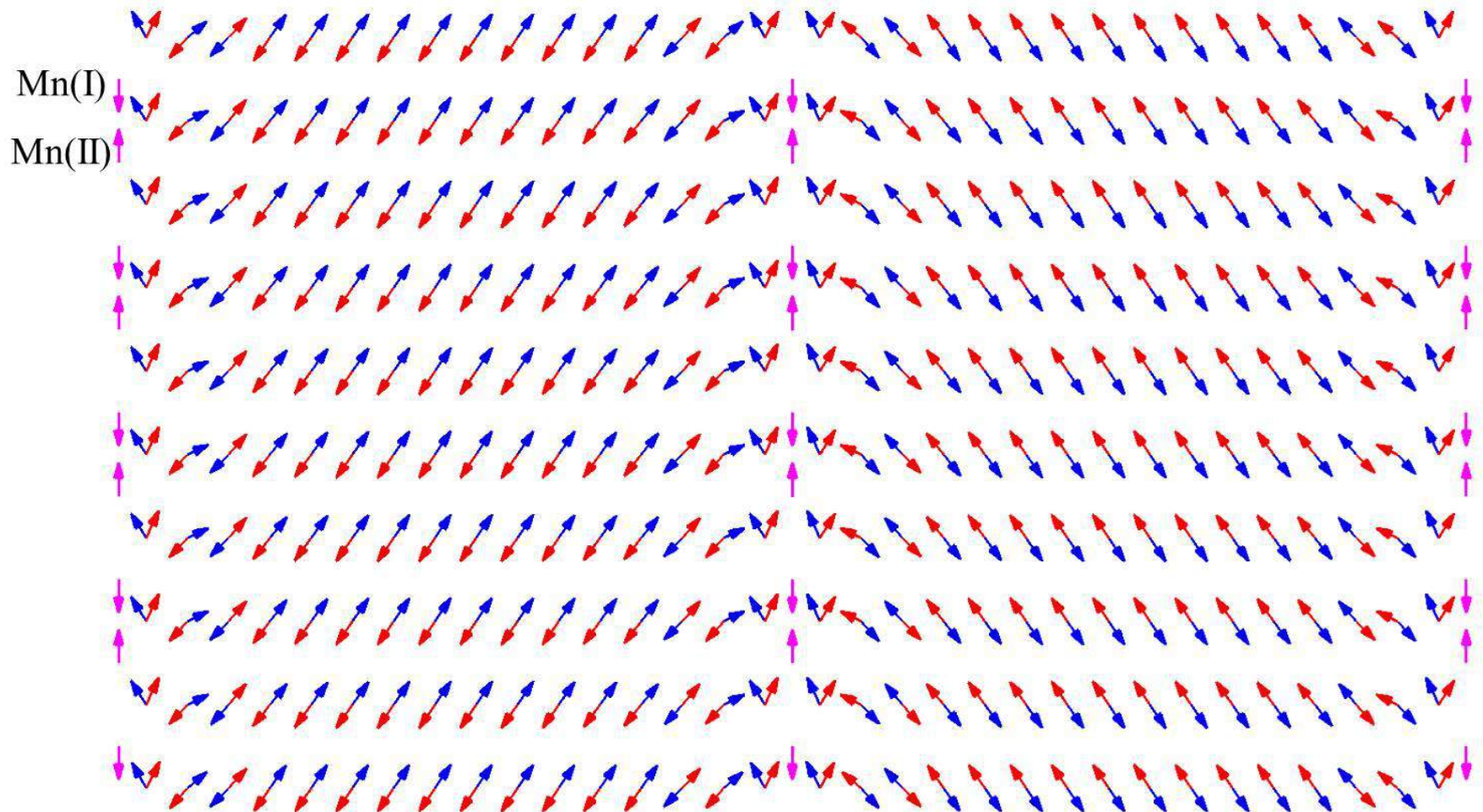
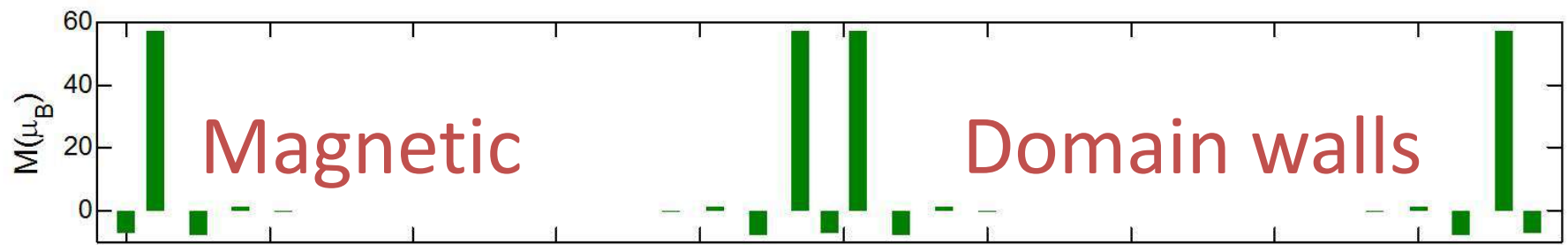


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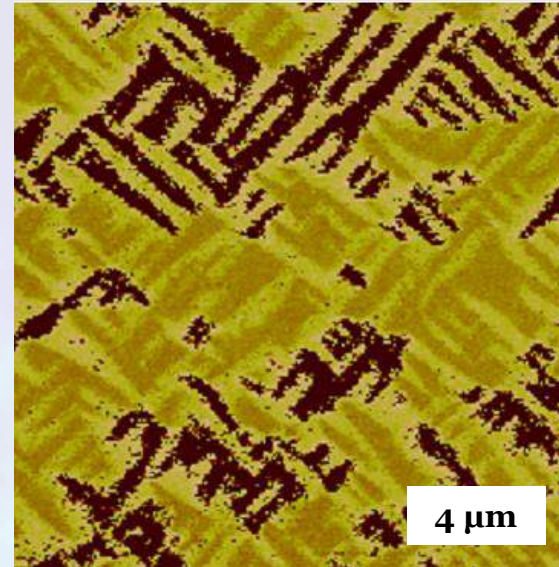
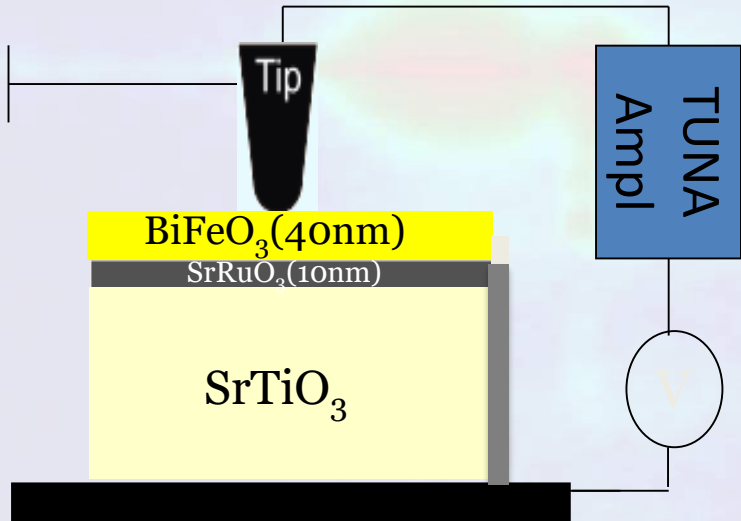
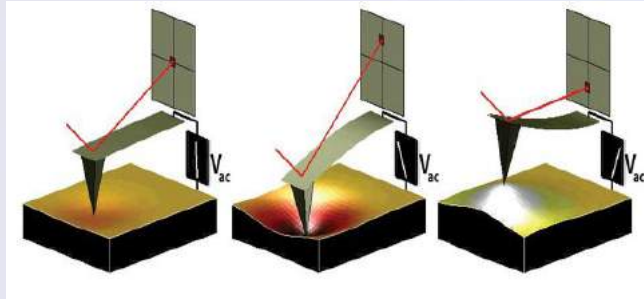
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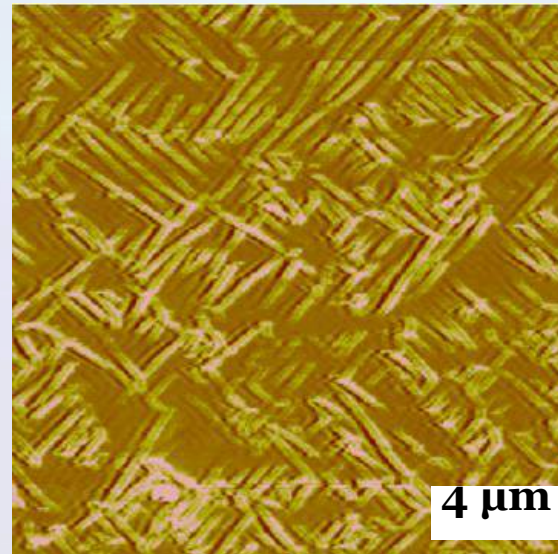
# Conductivity at ferroelastic/ferroelectric DWs



In-plane  
Piezo-FM  
(IP-PFM)

Ferroelectric/  
piezoelectric  
Domains visible

20pA



Conductive  
-AFM

fA -  $\mu$ A  
sensitivity

S. Farokhipoor and BN, PRL 2011

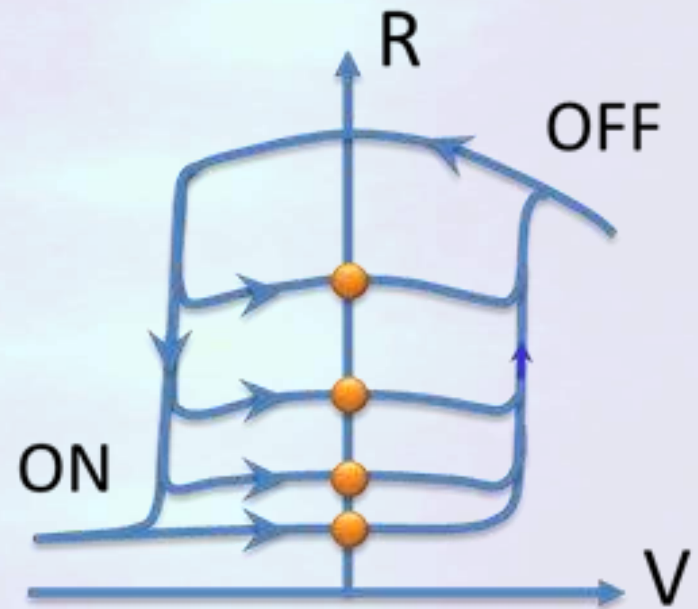
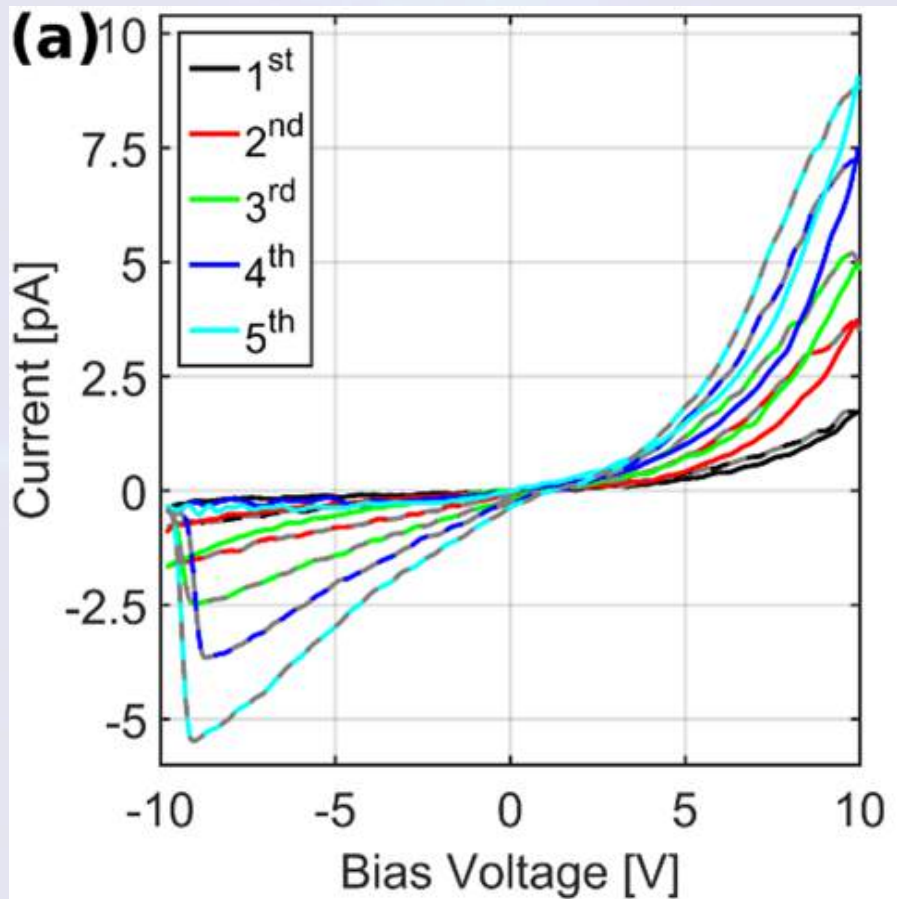


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# Memristive domain walls in ferroic oxides



Adaptable electronics

G. Lindgren & C. Canalias,

*APL Materials* **5**, 076108 (2017)

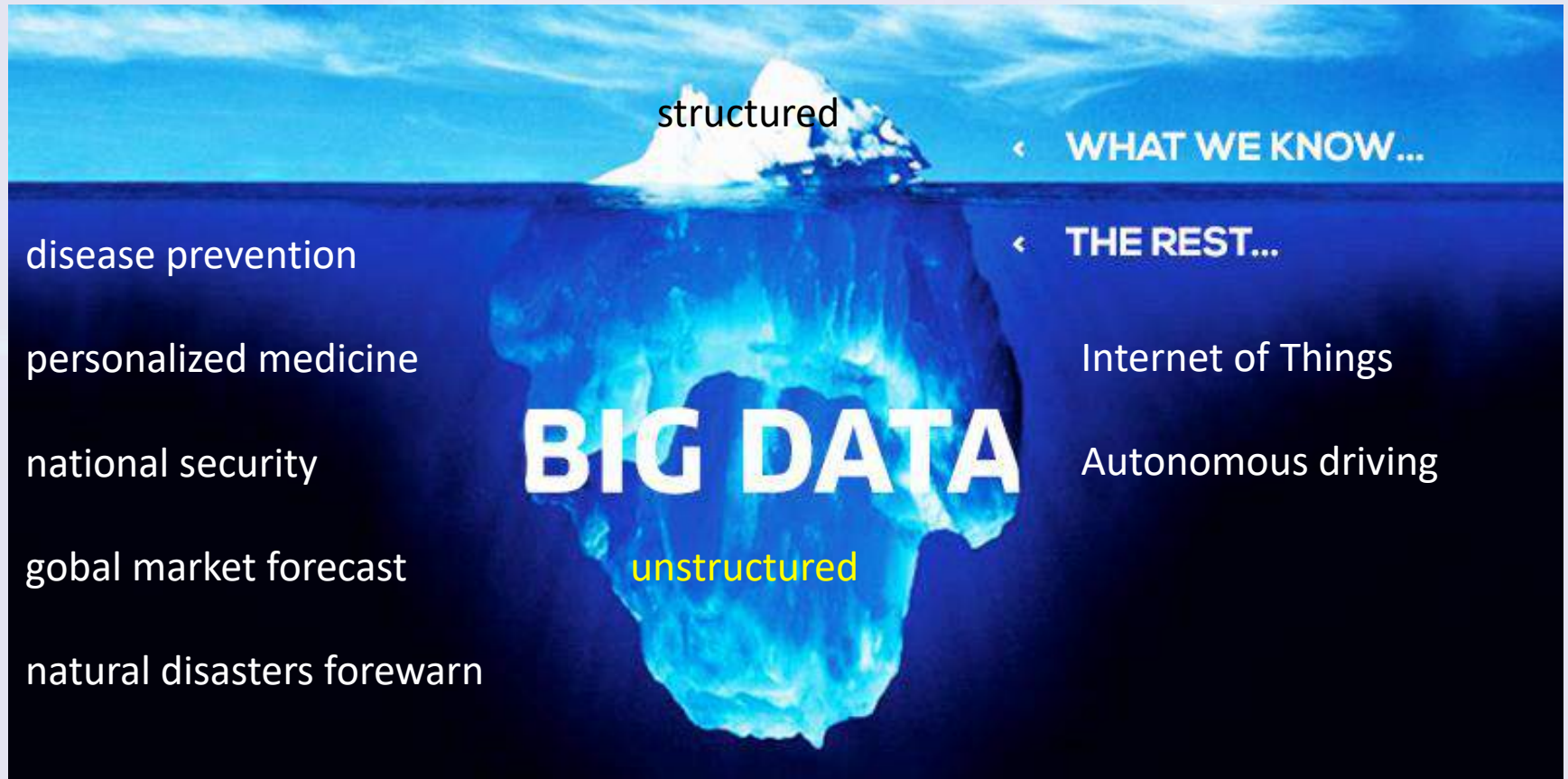


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# Why Adaptable electronics?



...

Image from <http://wpmu.mah.se/nmict171group6/tag/big-data/>



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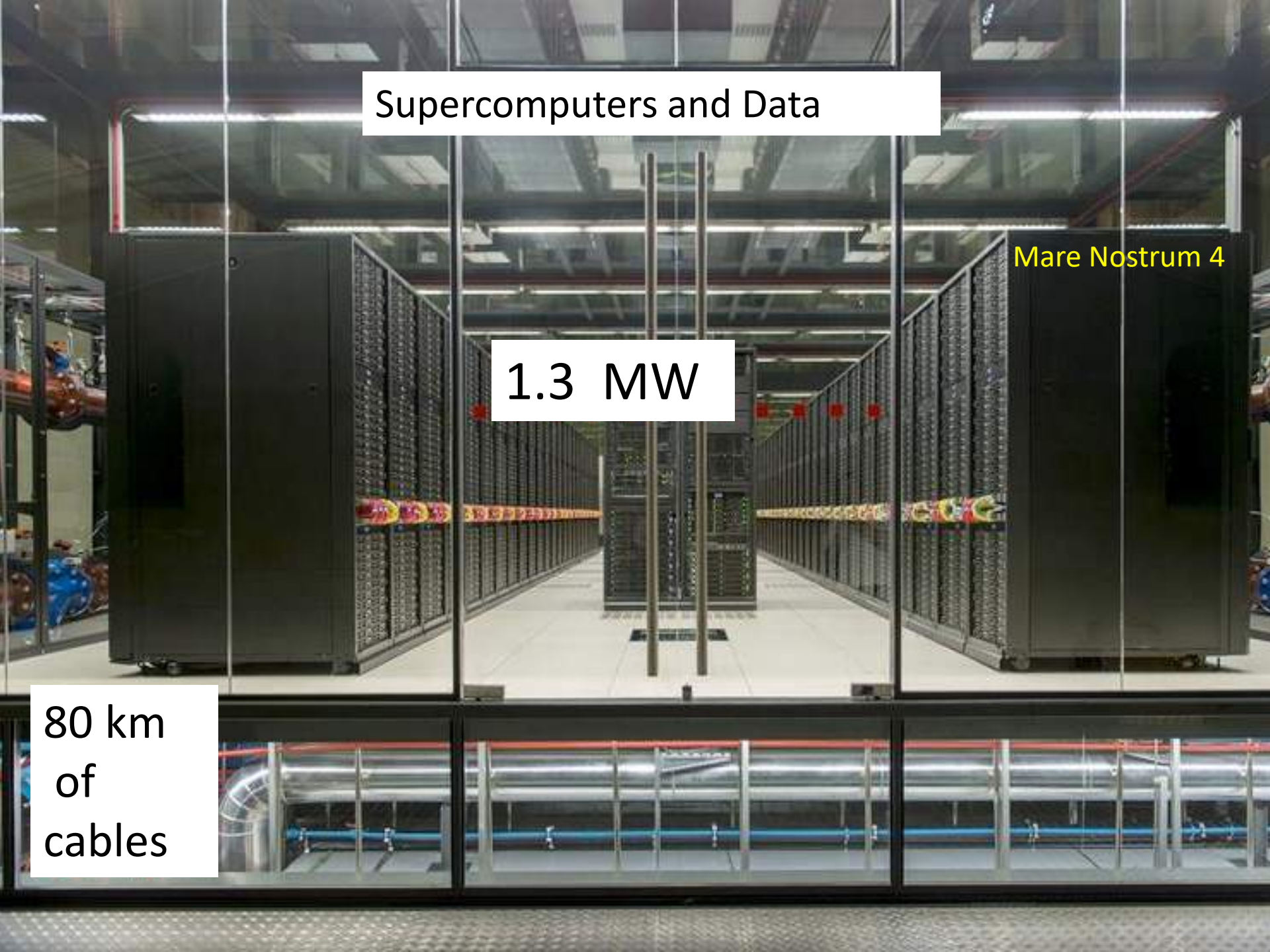


# Supercomputers and Data

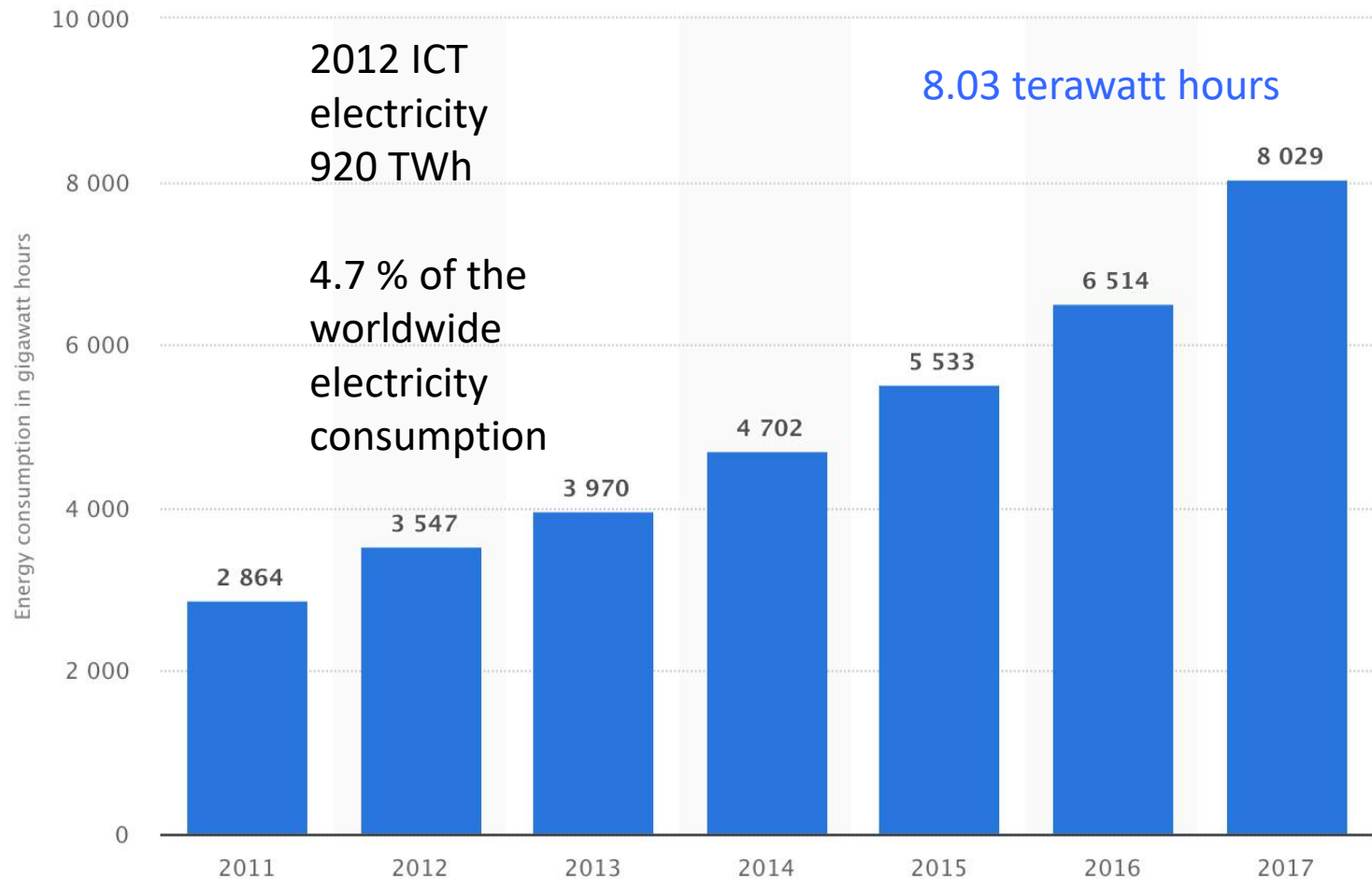
Mare Nostrum 4

1.3 MW

80 km  
of  
cables



## Energy consumption Google (2011-2017)



© Statista 2019



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# Cat or dog?



Effortless pattern recognition

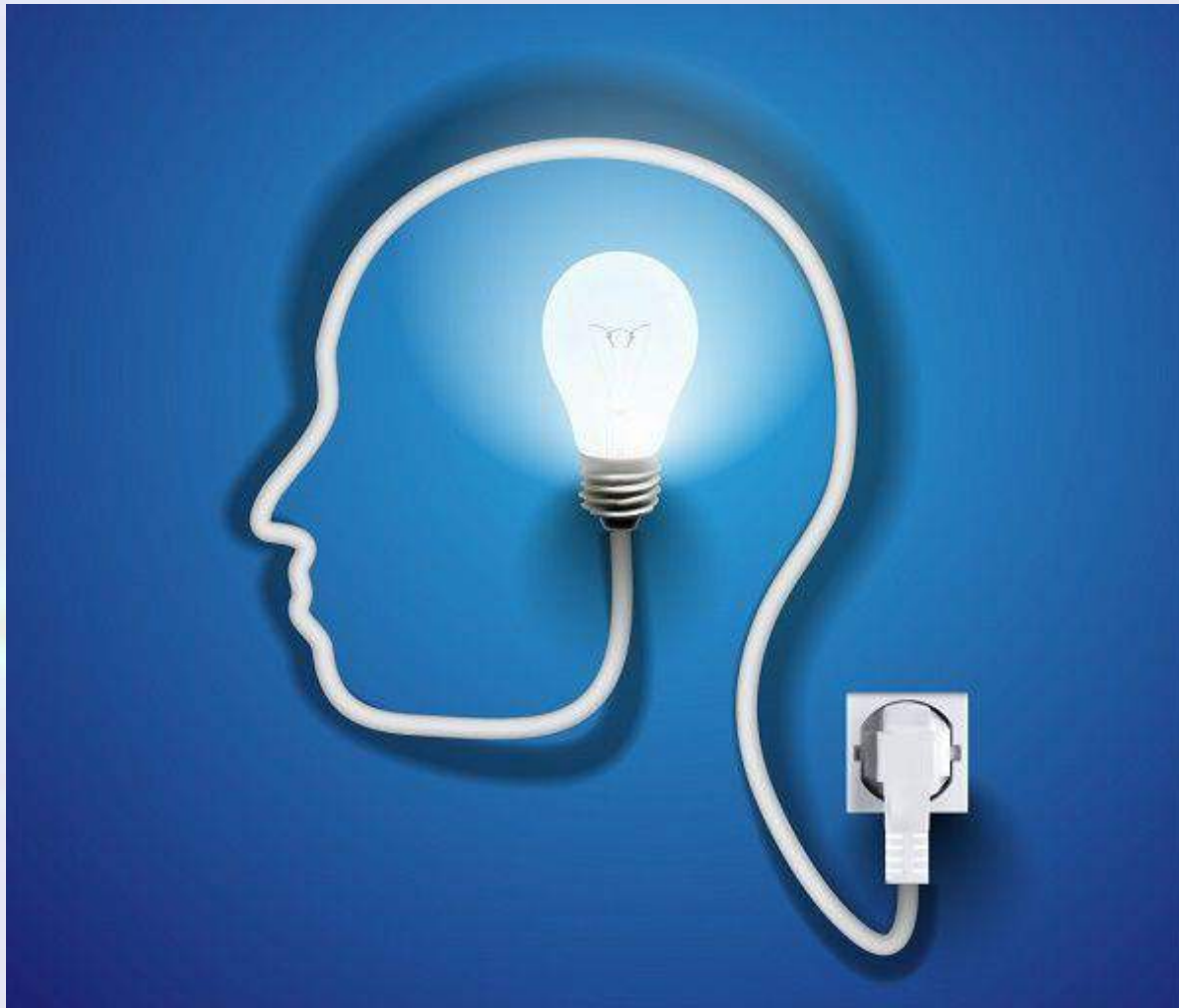


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Our brain needs ~20 watt

Our computers 200.000 watt



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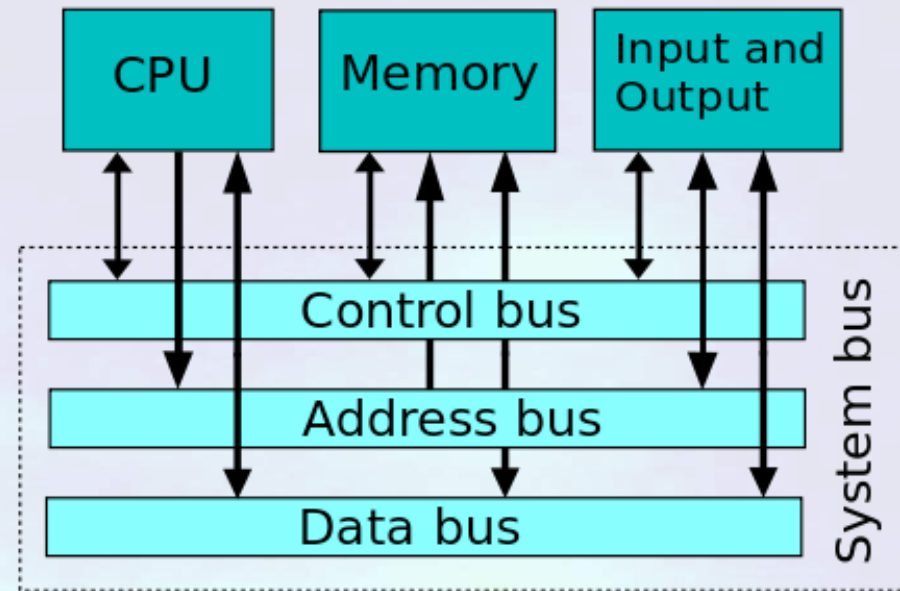
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Our brain:

- Neurons host both storage and processing
- Neurons are intertwined
- Large connectivity  
1 neuron  $\rightarrow$   $10^3$ - $10^4$  synapses
- Parallel processing
- $10^{11}$  neurons (redundancy)
- Plasticity  $\rightarrow$  learning



Von Neumann computers;

- Memory and processor are separated
- The bus uses most of the energy
- Information is handled sequentially



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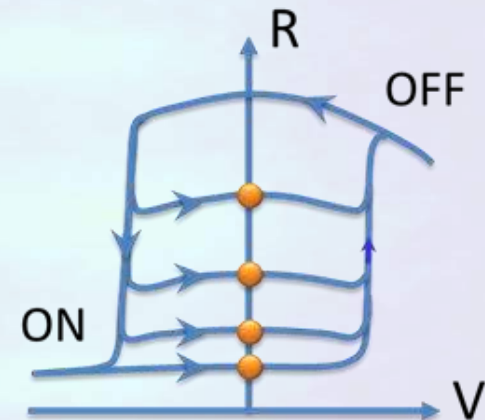
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# From learning software to *learning hardware*

- Architectures based on adaptable electronics
- Elements with intrinsic plasticity

Memristive devices:

- Large interconnected network (nanoscience + statistics)
- Robustness against nanoscale failure (redundancy)
- Re-routing/Parallel processing



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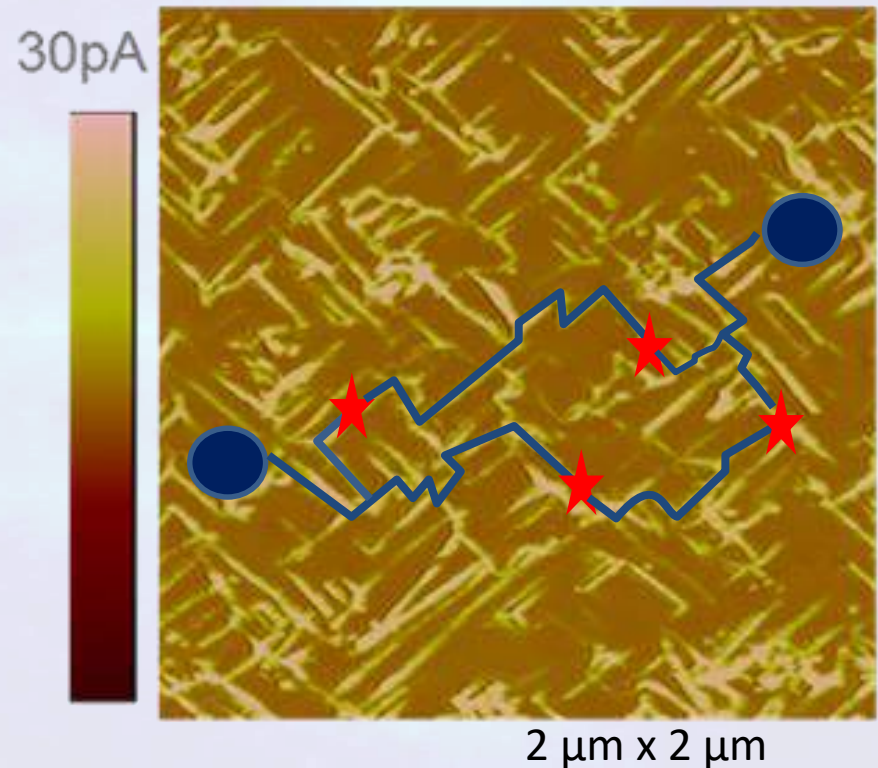
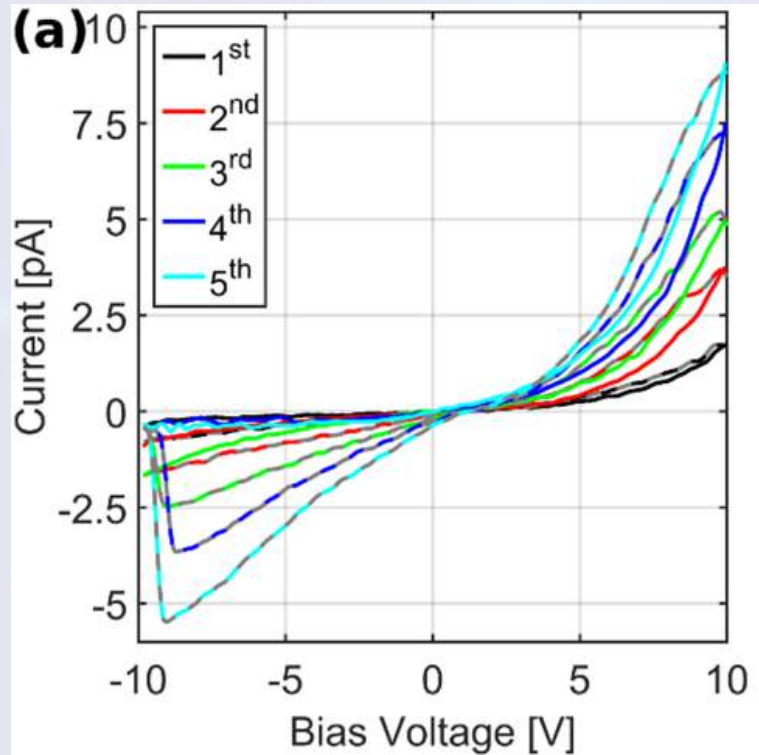
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# Materials: Self-assembled nanoscale networks

*Memristive domain walls  
in ferroic oxides*

Conduction AFM-map



G. Lindgren & C. Canalias,  
*APL Materials* **5**, 076108 (2017)

Ferroelectric BiFeO<sub>3</sub> thin films

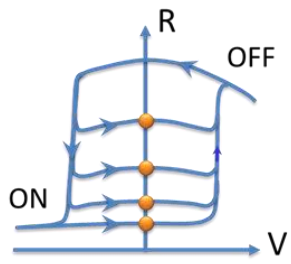


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Hafnia ( $\text{HfO}_2$ ) network  
by polymer templating

5 $\mu\text{m}$

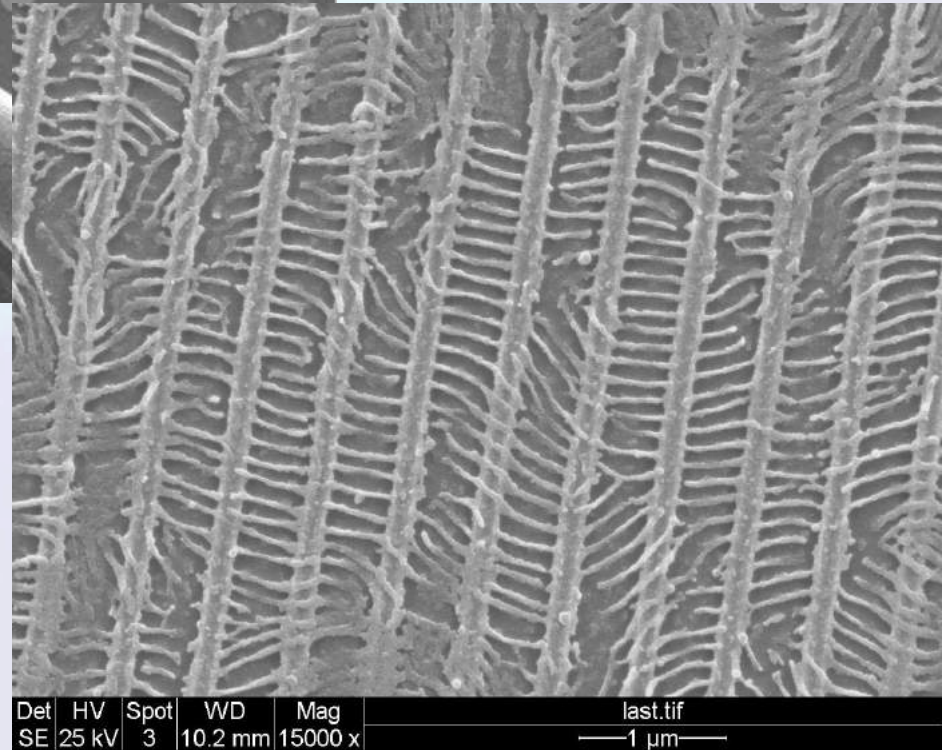
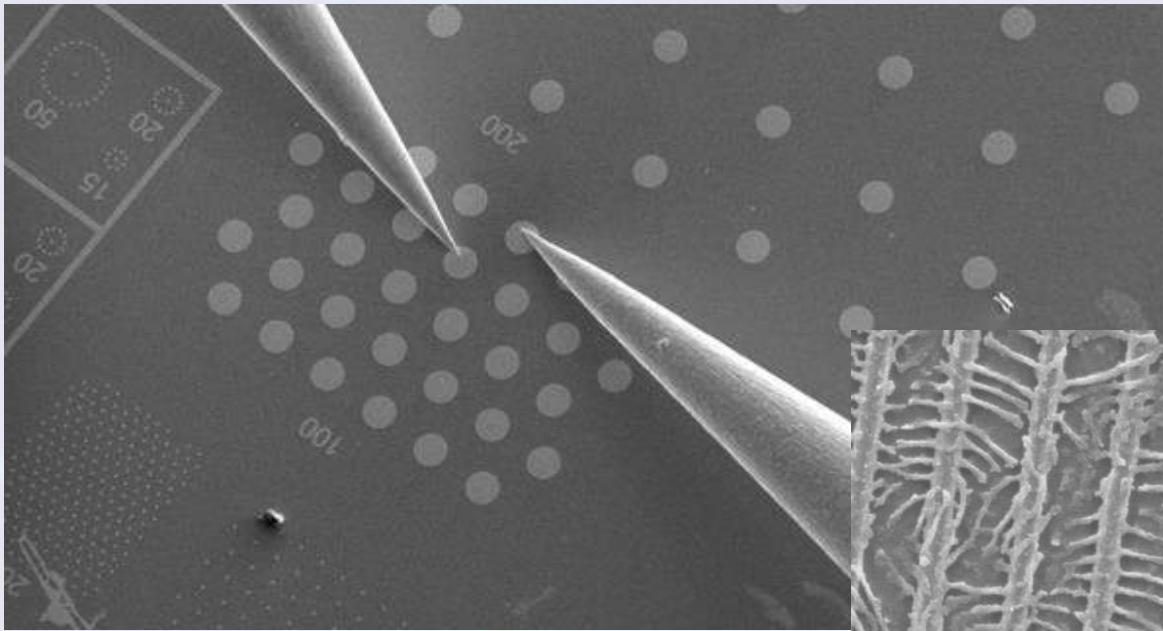
Scanning Electron Microscope

Sanne Berg & Beatriz Noheda

In collaboration with Jin Xu & Katja Loos



# Self-assembled nanoscale networks



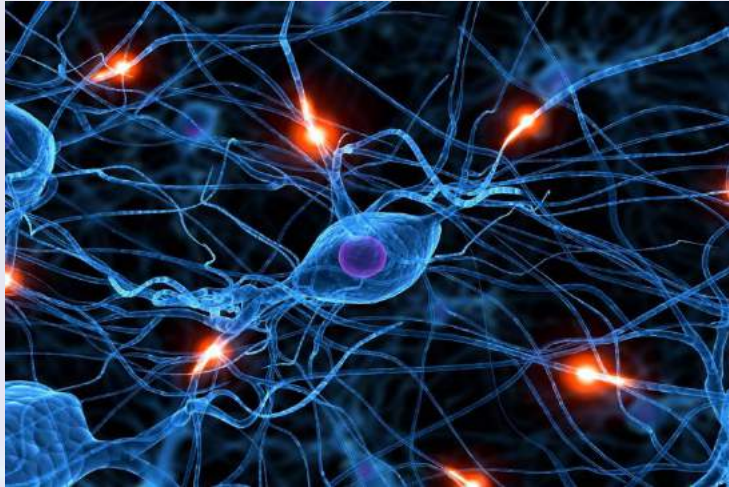
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# Novel materials for neuromorphic computing



**DWs can provide  
conducting  
networks that  
mimic synaptic  
connections**

30pA



$4\mu\text{m} \times 4\mu\text{m}$

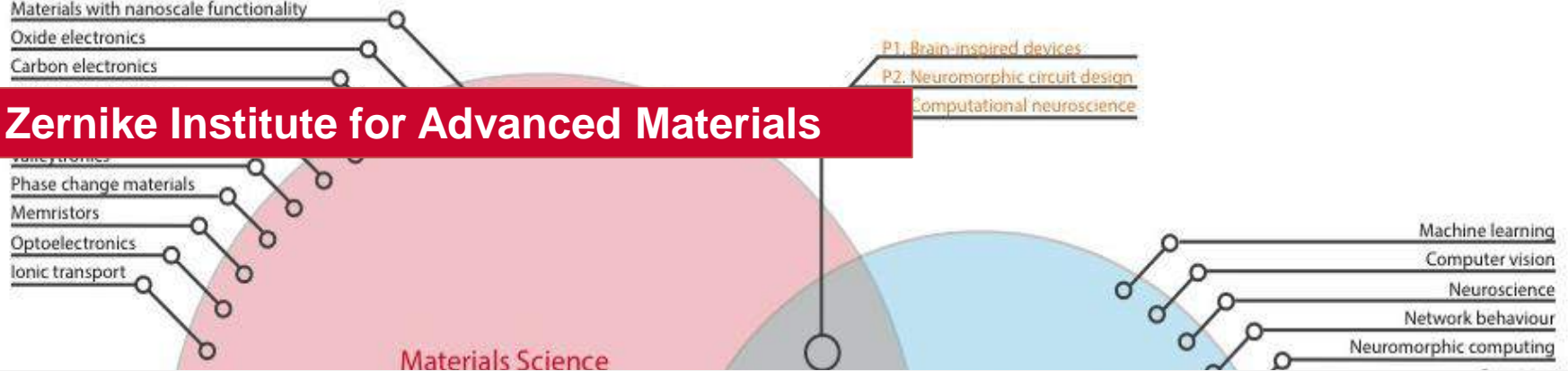


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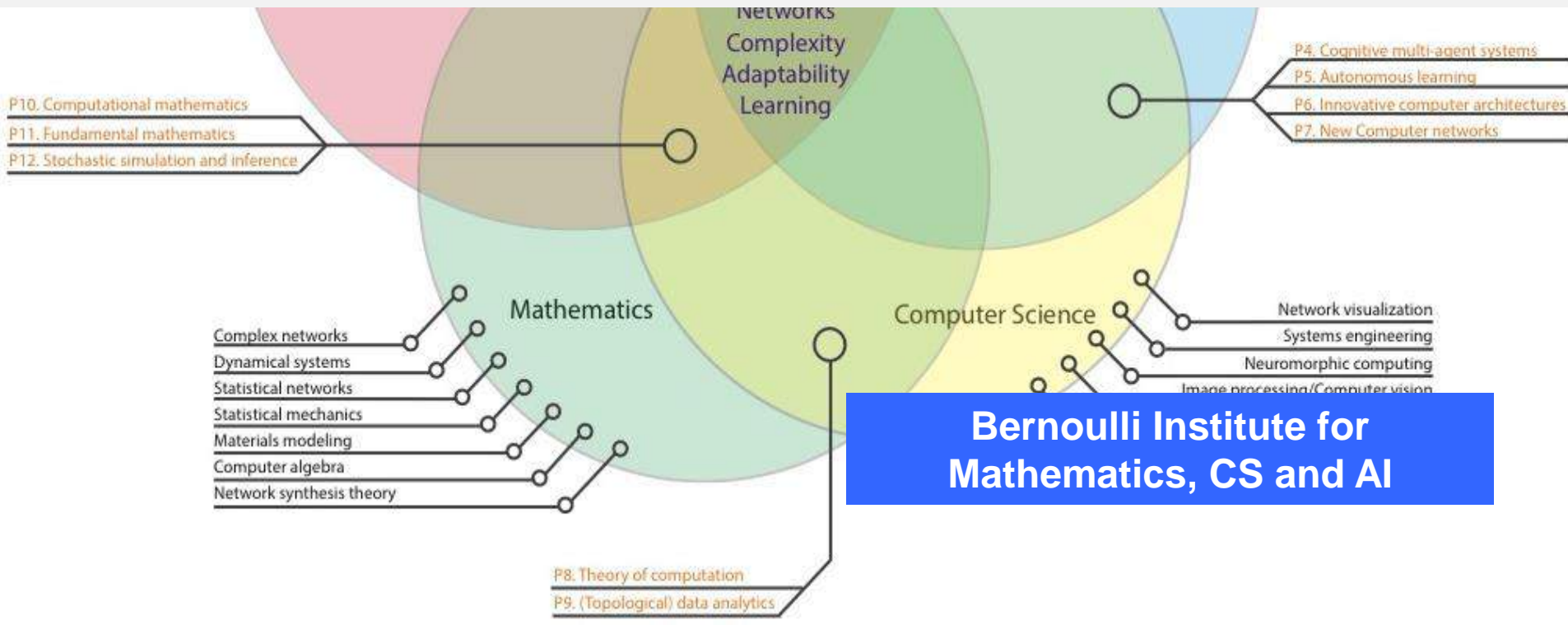
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## Zernike Institute for Advanced Materials

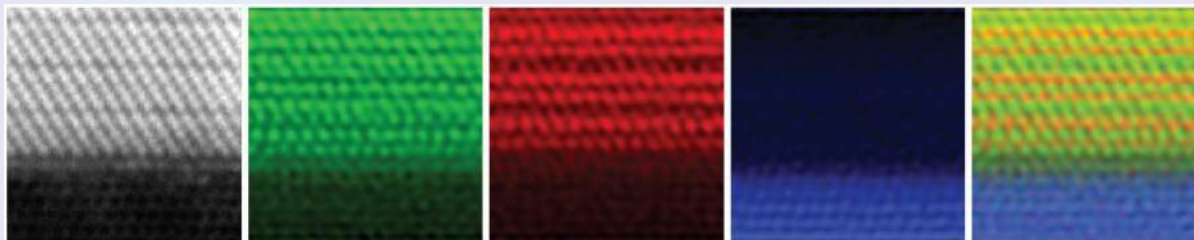


# Groningen Cognitive Systems and Materials (CogniGron)



## Bernoulli Institute for Mathematics, CS and AI

# Groningen Microscopy Center



Save the date:

**Sept. 19<sup>th</sup>, 2019.**

Where?: Zernike Institute for Advanced Materials, Nijenborgh 4, 9747 AG Groningen, Netherlands

Why?: Workshop

**The power of aberration corrected transmission electron microscopy in materials science**

To celebrate the inauguration of our ZIAM electron microscopy center including:

- Themis Z double aberration corrected and monochromated S/TEM
- Helios G4 dual beam (FIB-SEM) system
- Nova NanoSEM

Confirmed invited speakers:

Prof. Rafal Dunin-Borkowski (Jülich)

Prof. Gertjan Koster (Twente)

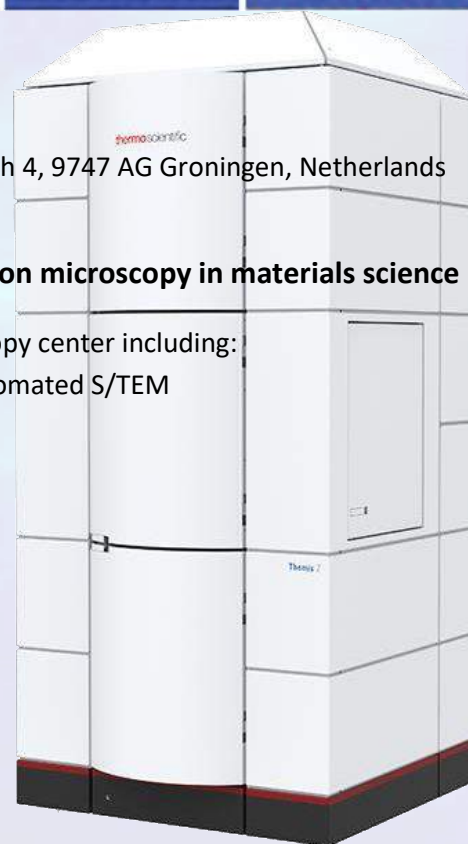
Prof. Beatriz Noheda (Groningen)

Dr. Marcel Verheijen (Eindhoven)

Dr. Marijn van Huis (Utrecht)

Host: Prof. Bart J. Kooi (Groningen)

A detailed program and registration options will follow soon.



stitute for  
aterials



# Conclusions

- Thin film epitaxy allows control of domain walls densities: miniaturization of FE and improved piezo
- Local stresses at domain walls can lead to novel 2D materials: chemical environments that cannot be synthesized in bulk.
- In  $\text{BiFeO}_3$ , domain walls provide networks of conducting channels
- Combined resistive switching + ferroelectricity + magnetism: adaptable electronics for 'neuromorphic/cognitive devices'
- Domain wall in ferroelectrics conform self-assembled memristor networks



# THANK YOU



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▾ **Center for Cognitive Systems  
and Materials**

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Contact

Aim

Relevance

Context

Approach

Participants and expertise

Origin

Invited Speakers

**Center for Cognitive Systems and  
Materials**



Our mission is to develop materials-centred systems paradigms for cognitive computing based on modelling and learning at all levels: from materials that can learn to devices, circuits and algorithms.

**About us**



**Our goals**



**Our approach**





# Computers and Data

- Image/text recognition
- Search
- Classification
- Advice
- Play games

Learning algorithms  
for  
pattern recognition  
  
( software-based)

## Artificial Neural Networks

